Form 1112-5 (May 2012)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

RISK MANAGEMENT WORKSHEET

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Organization and Location: Bu	rea	u o	f La	nd	Ма	nagement / Gr	and .	Junction Field O	ffice	Э					2. Page <u>1</u>	of <u>8</u>	
3. Operation / Task								4. Beginning Date:			5.	Endi	ng D	Date:	6. Date Prepare	ed:	
Friends of Mustangs	Fi	eld	W	ork	(Oct. 1, 2024						2025	·		
7. Prepared by (Name / Duty Pos. Joy von Guerard (Rangeland T			an)														
8. Identified Hazards	9. A Haz	Assess the ards: al Risk 10. Control Measures De Hazards: (Specific measures probability of a hazard) I M M S C (Be S				Hazards: (Specific m	neasure.	es taken to reduce the Hazai			11. Assess the Hazards: 12. How to Im Controls: (May Hand)				e Filled in By	Evaluation	ervisors and on by: (Continuous Checks, Buddy System,
(Be Specific)	N	M	M	S	С	(B	e Spe	cific)	N	М	M	S	С	(Be Sp	ecific)	(Be Specific)
Motor Vehicle Operation				•							•						
Fatigue/Temporary Incapacitation/Falling asleep at the wheel (due to over-exertion, lack of sleep, sickness, recovery process, or change in medications)			х			hydrated. Maintain physica job requirements	Adequate rest and sleep, eat well, stay hydrated. Maintain physical fitness appropriate for job requirements. (conditioning, aerobics strength, and flexibility).			x				physically rested, fit, and prepared for the trip. If you get sleepy while driving, pull over and do not proceed until you are awake enough to drive.			nteer coordinator or supervisor is onsible for orizing volunteer to rtake field tasks emphasizing the rtance of being ested when
Control Measures Are Implemented: (Supervisor) (Associate/Assistant Mgr. / (Field Manager) (District Manager) (State									Director/Associate)								
15. RISK DECISIO MODERATE: Brie person preparing the initial risk level, con	ef R ie fo	<i>Risk</i> orm	De sig	ecis ns	ior this	Authority at block, the sign	<i>that</i> natur	level on Contro e indicates only	<i>Is a</i> tha	ana t th	l C e e a	ontr appro	<i>rol l</i> opri	Measures u iate risk dec	sed to redu ision authori	ce ris ty was	ks) (Note : if the notified of the

Printed Name / Signature

CONTINUED

8. Identified Hazards	9. Assess the Hazards: Initial Risk			he		10. Control Measures Developed for Identified Hazards: (Specific measures taken to reduce the probability of a hazard) Include all PPE	11.	Assess dual R		lazard	s:	12. How to Implement the Controls: (May Be Filled in By Hand)	13. Supervisors and Evaluation by: (Continuous Leader Checks, Buddy System, etc.)
(Be Specific)	N	М	M	S	С	(Be Specific)	N	M	М	S	С	(Be Specific)	(Be Specific)
Weather Conditions (weather extremes: heat, cold, rain, snow, and rapidly changing weather conditions) Off-highway roads in the desert pose a higher than normal risk for accidents. The complete lack of guardrails, sporadic road maintenance, lack of signage, and narrow and winding routes with short viewing distance, make field inspections very hazardous, especially during inclement weather.				X		Before any field work, volunteer should evaluate the current and forecasted weather conditions under which the project will be conducted and make a prudent decision on whether or not to proceed.			X			Postpone the project if inclement weather will make driving unsafe. Get volunteer coordinator's approval if the project occurs during inclement weather.	BLM Project Manager is responsible for confirming that volunteer is aware of the previous, current, and forecast weather conditions. BLM supervisor and volunteer will discuss urgency and other options. BLM supervisor must authorize field work during inclement
Frozen roads can become very muddy when they thaw out later in the day. Traction may vary greatly depending on soil type (sand, clay, loose shale, etc.)				X		Consider potential for road thawing before going to the field.			X			Plan on returning before the road thaws out.	weather conditions. BLM Project Manager must authorize field work during inclement weather conditions.
Volunteer Use of private vehicle. Terrain – 4WD operation Many 4WD roads are very rough, with gullies, steep drop-offs, washouts, rock falls, boulders, side-slopes, steep pitches, and other physical hazards. (See also motor vehicle operation RMW)				X		Don't operate vehicle in rough, steep areas that exceed vehicle limitations or operator skill level. Assess the area on foot before entering rough sections to be sure they are safe for vehicle passage. Always wear seatbelt.			Х			Seek training from experienced 4WD operators to improve skill level. Walk or find alternate route or transportation to areas where route is too rough to be traveled safely.	BLM Project Manager is responsible for verifying that volunteer has the skill and judgment needed to operate a vehicle in rough terrain.
Volunteer use of government provided vehicle. Terrain – 4WD operation Many 4WD roads are very rough, with gullies, steep drop-offs, washouts, rock falls, boulders, side-slopes, steep pitches, and				X		Complete 4WD and Defensive Driving training before using vehicles. Signed, current Motor Vehicle/Special Equipment Authorization (1112-11) on file.			X			Volunteer is responsible for maintaining current safety training. Perform visual safety check before going into field. If you are using	BLM Project Manager and/or supervisor is responsible for verifying operator's qualifications for vehicle operation. If safety training is out-of- date, postpone task.

other physical hazards.	1			Duit can and any management	1		two vehicles (truck and	
otilei priysicai fiazarus.				Driver and any passengers must always wear a seatbelt vehicle is			ATV), inspect both.	\ '. '. C'
Implementing additional policies				in motion.			Vehicle safety check	Verify field
and guidelines for vehicle							list. (Fuel level, tires	communications
operation, maintenance, etc.				Perform visual inspection and safety check of vehicle before			and tire pressure, drive	procedures (radio,
- p				departure.			line, first aid kit, safety	mobile phone, text
				·			equipment, survival	message, other).
				Don't operate vehicle in rough,			gear, communications	Be sure all check-
				steep areas that exceed vehicle			gear.)	in/check-out practices
				limitations or operator skill level. Assess the area on foot before			BLM Project Manager	are followed each day.
				entering rough sections to be			responsible for verifying	
				sure they are safe for vehicle			annual vehicle safety	
				passage.			inspections, onboard	
							safety equipment, first	
				Follow check-in/check-out policy.			aid kits, and ensuring	
				Carry First Aid Kit.			that operator's manual	
				Carry Survival gear with			is in every vehicle.	
				water/shelter/food for up to 24			BLM Project Manager	
				hours.			will conduct monthly	
							safety checks on winch	
							and follow all safety	
							practices as per safety	
			3.5				training.	
Use of winch for moving objects can cause crushing injury to			X	Wear PPE at all times when		X	Volunteer is	If applicable arrange for
fingers, cutting from frayed cable,				handling cable;			responsible for	winch safety training
slashing from broken cable, or				Keep hands and equipment away			maintaining current	sessions and follow up
other injuries due to unstable				from pinch points such as			safety training.	with volunteer to be sure all safety practices
movement of vehicle.				fairlead, cable drum, and			PPE may include	are being followed.
				attached objects when winching;			leather gloves, safety	are being followed.
				Double-check that the hook,			glasses, long sleeves	
				shackles and clevis are fastened			Safety briefing on basic	
				securely before applying power;			winch safety and use	
				Keep bystanders at least 50 feet			from FOM or BLM	
				away from the winching			Project lead.	
				procedures;			Always Inspect cable	
				Never stand beside a winch			prior to winching to	
				during operation or allow			ensure there are no	
				bystanders in the danger zone;			frays or kinks;	
				Never begin winching with less			Damper the cable at	
				than three full cable wraps around			the midway point should the cable come	
				the drum;			loose under load;	

					Winch in short bursts with to keep winch motor from over heating; Never stand in front of, or walk behind, an object being winched. Do not use winch for vehicle recovery without additional training or appropriate equipment.			All participants in the winching operation are clear on the objectives and process of the operation	
Stranded			X		Wear proper field attire. In vehicle, carry extra clothing, blanket or sleeping bag, 1st aid kit, non-perishable snacks, water, and working radio. Carry water, and radio or cell phone if on foot.	X		Inspect your survival equipment to ensure you have sufficient tools to dig out if you become stuck, along with survival gear and communication equipment.	BLM supervisor is responsible for reminding the volunteer of the need for proper equipment and field attire.
Hazards of the Outdoor En	viro	nm	ent						
Trips, Slips, and Falls			X		Review intended route and surrounding area for tripping hazards. Wear footwear appropriate for terrain and type of work: Boots, hiking boots, or sturdy footwear with good tread and ankle support). No open toed shoes. Do not attempt to carry more than is comfortable, or unbalanced loads that may cause loss of footing	X		Wear appropriate footwear	Volunteer coordinator and/or supervisor is responsible for verifying proper footwear. Discuss appropriate gear & techniques for packing and carrying tools and supplies
Lost Volunteer whereabouts unknown; volunteer absent or fails to meet communications plan.				X	Follow formal check-out / check-in procedure. FOM volunteers may check out and use BLM owned satellite communicators devices on a project-by-project basis	х		Volunteer to notify BLM Project Manager and/or FOM coordinator of all field trips including any changes to the regular schedule. Plan will include time out, estimated time of return, contact numbers (radio/phone/email), and maps.	Volunteer coordinator and/or supervisor verifies that all volunteers have communication equipment that is operable in the project areas and are following check-in / check-out procedure.

Exposure to the Elements		X		Wear appropriate field attire. Wear personal protective equipment (PPE), as required. Maintain current first aid training.		X		Wear hat and gloves and sunscreen when appropriate. Wear eye protection (sunglasses, goggles), hearing protection (ear plugs, shooter's muffs), when appropriate. Carry warm clothing layers in the winter and extra water in the summer.	Volunteer coordinator and/or supervisor responsible for verifying proper field attire, personal protective equipment (PPE), and first aid and outdoor survival training and supplies.
Insect Bites	X			Wear long sleeved shirts and pants if possible. Apply cold compress or mud pack to stings. Watch for signs of allergic reactions (i.e. labored breathing, hives, etc.)	X			Pre-project site inspection. Provide safety briefing on insect bites and treatment. Provide insect repellent Individuals with sensitivities or known allergies will identify themselves and their advanced care needs, and ensure they have their required medical supplies.	Volunteer coordinator and/or supervisor responsible for site inspection and safety briefing.
Transport and use of unfamiliar and/or potentially dangerous tools in rugged terrain		X	X	Inspection of all tools used on project. Transport guards in place for transportation. Ensure stability of project piece, and footing/stability of tool operator. Move project piece to more level/stable location when possible.		X	X	Crew leaders will inspect all tools before assigning them to a volunteer. They will ensure each tool is in safe working condition with no loose heads, cracked or damaged handles. Volunteers will be asked to report any damaged tools during the project. Tools will be inspected again upon project completion.	Crew leaders are responsible for tool inspection and reporting any damaged tools to the project supervisor. Ensure transport and operating guards are in place/in use
Moving and handling rocks)	X		Task-specific safety briefing		Χ		Any crew tasked with	Project supervisor will

(back injury, pinch/crush injury, flying/rolling debris)				Rotate crew members through different working positions to avoid repetition muscle strain injuries Clear area downslope of work.			moving or manipulating large rocks will be instructed by the crew leader regarding rockworking safety – proper PPE (gloves, footwear, hard hat, eye protection) proper lifting techniques, crew communication, pinch/crush hazards, awareness of other crew members and other crews downslope of the work	advise crew leaders of any rock moving tasks assigned to them. Crew leaders will provide safety briefing to any crew members performing rock work, and will ensure compliance with safety standards
Environmental hazards (dehydration, sunburn, heat exhaustion, heat stroke, hypothermia, lightning storms, rattlesnakes, spiders and scorpions		×		Inform all participants about environmental hazards on the work site and inform them how to avoid these hazards. Identify trigger points of weather, temperature, changing conditions that would cause work to be halted or rescheduled	>		The project orientation/safety talk will include discussion of the day's weather conditions and all environmental hazards relevant to the work site. Crew leaders will monitor their crew members and the weather throughout the day. Any significant changes in weather or signs of stress, illness or injury to a volunteer will be immediately reported to the project supervisor.	Project supervisor will brief the crew leaders on weather for the work day as well as all relevant environmental hazards. Crew leaders will discuss and monitor environmental hazards with their crew. Project supervisor will notify crews of significant weather changes or lighting danger
Domestic Horse Use			•					
Horseback riding in rugged, steep terrain, snow or ice conditions, hot and cold weather and remote areas.		3	(Volunteers performing tasks on horseback will do so in pairs or greater group sizes. Riders will ensure they have experience in riding in the terrain and conditions required for the task. Riders will ensure their horse is accustomed to the riding conditions that it will be subject to		X	The BLM Project Manager or FOM coordinator will discuss the capabilities of the rider and horse prior to initiation of the task. FOM will provide training on trail riding	

Packing horses with tools and needed materials for project work	X	Volunteers will ensure they and the pack animal have experience packing materials in the expected conditions of the project. Volunteer riders will ensure that tools and materials are secured in packs to prevent injury to rider and pack animals.	x	and associated hazards. FOM will provide training on proper packing techniques and safety.	
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Communications (All tasks) Communications (cell phone, two-way radios) between volunteers, coordinators and emergency dispatches is limited in portions of the Wild Horse Range. All volunteer tasks must be approved by the BLM coordinator and FOM coordinator. Following approval, volunteers must check in and out.	X	Volunteers and coordinators should have discussion and a plan for communications prior to initiation of the task. This includes the check-in and check-out process. Volunteers will have contacted the BLM supervisor or FOM coordinator for approval of a task and how check in and check out will occur. Participants will be trained it the use of the communications equipment issued i.e.: radio, satellite communicator, etc., and practice operation before departing for project.	X	The BLM Project Manager or FOM coordinator will ensure that an adequate communication plan exists prior to initiation of the approved task. The BLM and/or FOM will issue satellite communicators when tasks are in areas with questionable communication via cell phones or radios. The BLM Project Manager or FOM coordinator will ensure that all volunteers that perform a task have checked in and out.	Supervisors will ensure that radios or satellite communicators are available to volunteers. Supervisors will ensure that the check in and check out process is understood by volunteers.
Communication through the use of radios is vital to all volunteer projects. Radios/cell phones/satellite communicators may become unusable due to batteries running down or physical damage. Loss of communication due to equipment		-Participants with radios should make sure equipment is functioning at the beginning of each day including charged batteriesParticipants should report any radio problems to the Project		-Participants with radios/ cell phones/ satellite communicators should make sure the device is functioning at the beginning of each day including a charged battery.	Daily safety chats should include a radio check and a reminder of proper procedures in the event a radio is not functioning.

failure risks the well-being of all involved			ManagerParticipants should not continue their task until they receive a functioning radio if the task requires.			-Participants should report any device problems to the Project ManagerParticipants should not continue their task until they receive a functioning device if the task requires.

Name (printed)	Signature	Date
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